

datasheet

pco.panda 4.2 bi USB

pco.panda 4.2 bi UV USB

ultra-compact sCMOS camera

bi back
illuminated

UV ultraviolet*

resolution
4.2 MPixel

pixel size
6.5 μm x 6.5 μm

interface
USB 3.1 Gen 1



65 mm

ultra-compact
design

low light mode

line scanning mode

ultraviolet variant
available*

quantum efficiency
up to 92 %

technical data

image sensor		
	standard mode	low light mode
sensor technology	back illuminated scientific CMOS (bi sCMOS)	
color type	monochrome	
resolution (horizontal x vertical)	2048 px x 2048 px	
pixel size (horizontal x vertical)	6.5 μm x 6.5 μm	
sensor size (horizontal x vertical)	13.3 mm x 13.3 mm	
sensor diagonal	18.8 mm	
shutter mode	rolling shutter additional feature: line scanning mode	
modulation transfer function (theoretical max.)	76.9 lp/mm	
peak quantum efficiency	UV variant:	92 % @ 550 nm
		90 % @ 550 nm
		46 % @ 240 nm
spectral range	UV variant:	370 nm - 1100 nm
		190 nm - 1100 nm
dark current (typ.)	5.0 e^- /pixel/s @ +32 °C sensor temperature	
fullwell capacity	48 000 e^-	1800 e^-
readout noise (typ.) ¹	1.9 e^- rms 1.8 e^- med	1.2 e^- rms 1.1 e^- med
dynamic range (intra-scene) ²	26 500 : 1 (89 dB)	1800 : 1 (64 dB)

¹ The readout noise values are given as median (med) and root mean square (rms) values, due to the different noise models, which can be used for evaluation. All values are raw data without any filtering.

² The dynamic range value is calculated with the median value of the readout noise and rounded.

frame rate table

vertical resolution reduction

2048 x 2048	40 fps
2048 x 1024	80 fps
2048 x 512	159 fps
2048 x 256	302 fps
2048 x 128	527 fps

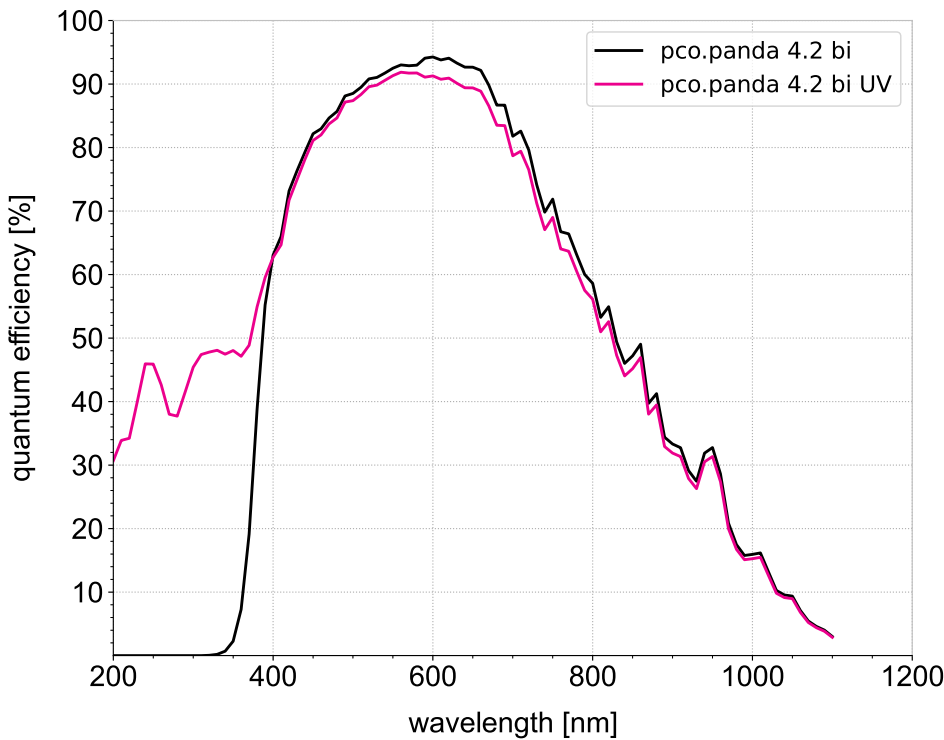
typical resolutions

1920 x 1080	76 fps
1600 x 1200	68 fps
1280 x 1024	80 fps
640 x 480	171 fps
320 x 240	320 fps

camera		
	standard mode	low light mode
max. frame rate @ full resolution	40 fps	
exposure time range	21 µs - 500 ms	
dynamic range A/D ¹	16 bit	
conversion factor ²	0.7 e ⁻ /DN	0.03 e ⁻ /DN
pixel rate	184 MPixel/s	
region of interest (ROI)	horizontal: steps of 8 columns (min. 32) vertical: steps of 1 row (min. 8)	
binning	horizontal: x2, x4 (sum) vertical: x2, x4 (sum)	
non-linearity	< 0.6 %	
dark signal non-uniformity (DSNU)	< 0.9 e ⁻ rms	< 0.4 e ⁻ rms
photo response non-uniformity (PRNU)	< 1.1 %	< 1.4 %
cooling method	passive cooling	
trigger input signals	external exposure start, external exposure control, acquire enable	
status output signals	exposure, busy, line	
input / output signal connectors	SMA	
time stamp	in image (1 µs resolution)	
data interface	USB 3.1 Gen 1	

¹ The high dynamic signal is simultaneously converted at high and low gain by two 12 bit A/D converters and the two 12 bit values are sophistically merged into one 16 bit value.
² According to EMVA1288, the conversion factor equals the inverse of the system gain and can be operational mode dependent.

quantum efficiency



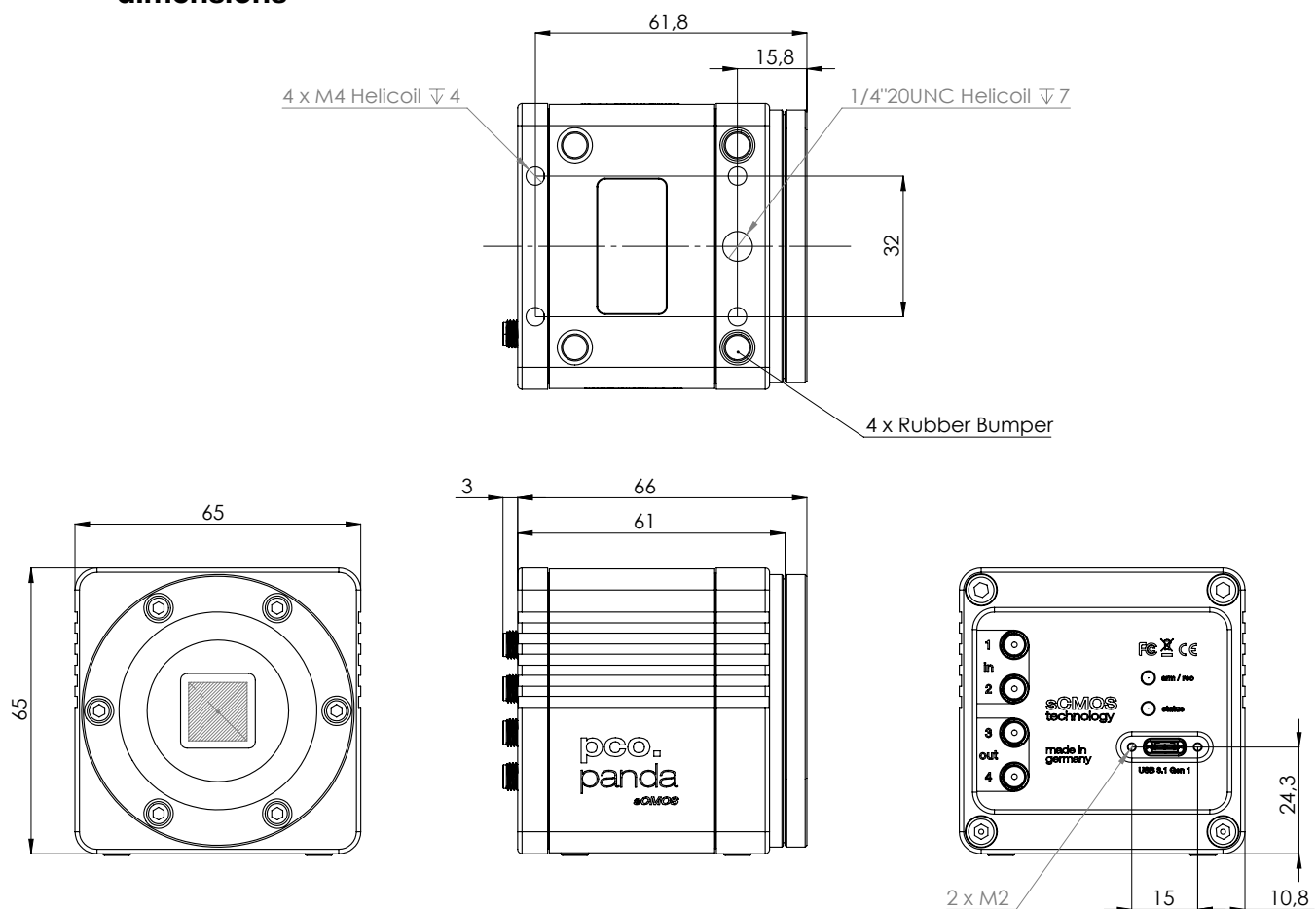
general

power supply	power over USB 3.1 Gen 1
power consumption	max. 6 W
weight	0.42 kg
dimensions (height x width x length)	65 mm x 65 mm x 66 mm
operating temperature range	+10 °C to +40 °C
storage temperature range	-10 °C to +60 °C
humidity range (non-condensing)	10 % to 80 % (recommended < 65 %)
certifications	CE, FCC, UKCA

optical interface

direct mounting distance	10.5 mm (± 10 %)
lens mounting	C-mount
optional lens mounting	F-mount, TFL-mount

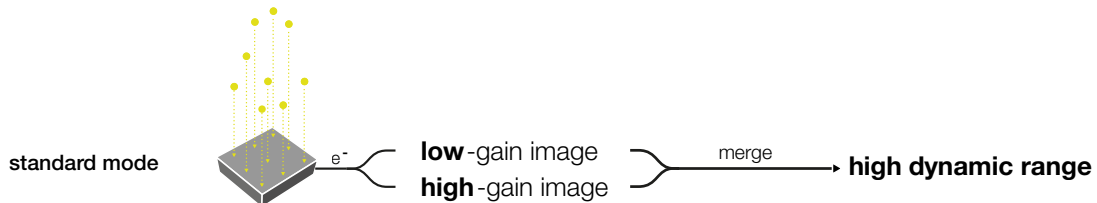
Configure your optical setup with our **MachVis Lens Selector** online tool.

dimensions

outlines of pco.panda 4.2 bi (UV) USB (all dimensions given in mm)

low light mode

In standard mode two images with different gains are recorded in parallel. The low-gain image is optimized for high fullwell capacity, while the high-gain image is optimized for low readout noise. Both images are merged to create a high dynamic range image.



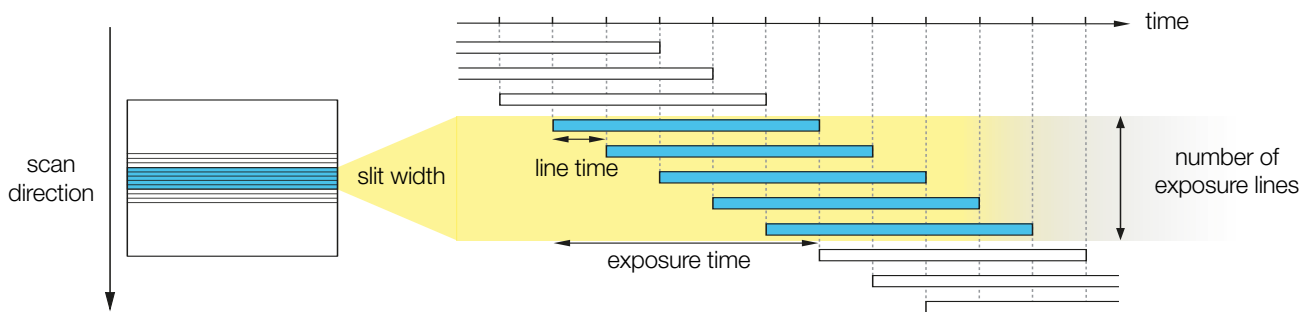
In low light mode two high-gain images are recorded simultaneously. It utilizes twofold correlated multi-sampling of high-gain images, reducing temporal noise by a factor of the square root of 2. This is ideal for applications that require low noise and high sensitivity.



line scanning mode

The line scanning mode is a special readout mode dedicated to lightsheet fluorescence microscopy (LSFM). Built on the rolling shutter mode, this feature enables optimized synchronization of the camera and the microscope system.

Unlike the standard rolling shutter mode, line scanning mode allows adjustment of two key parameters: the number of exposure lines and the line time. The number of exposure lines defines the slit width, while the line time determines the slit speed.



exemplary readout in line scanning mode with a slit width of five exposure lines

software

Your first choice is pco.camware:

Our main camera control software enables control of most camera settings and facilitates image acquisition and storage.

You can customize it exactly to your needs using different layouts, styles and features.

You prefer to use a different software:

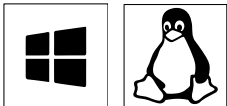
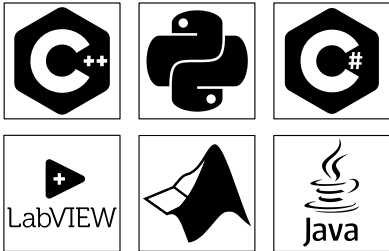
Our cameras integrate with a range of third-party software applications.

In microscopy we offer dedicated support for µManager, while ensuring compatibility with other software maintained by their providers.

You want to create your own application:

We feature a wide range of software development kits (SDK) for various programming languages, such as C++, Python, C#, LabVIEW, Matlab, and Java.

If you are looking for more general SDKs, we present pco.sdk and pco.recorder, our low-level SDKs with C interface.



Our software is available for Windows and Linux platforms.

Visit our **website** for detailed information, installation guidance, and Github projects.

areas of application

biochip reading | brightfield microscopy | calcium imaging | digital pathology | fluorescence microscopy | fluorescence recovery after photobleaching (FRAP) | Förster resonance energy transfer (FRET) | high-content screening | high-speed brightfield ratio imaging | high-throughput screening | industrial quality inspection | lightsheet fluorescence microscopy (LSFM) | ophthalmology | single molecule localization microscopy (SMLM) – PALM, STORM, dSTORM, GSDIM | spinning disk confocal microscopy | structured illumination microscopy (SIM) | total internal reflection fluorescence microscopy (TIRF) | UV imaging

ordering information

pco.panda 4.2 bi USB	85108074004	camera system, 2048 x 2048 pixel, monochrome, back illuminated, rolling shutter, USB 3.1 interface
pco.panda 4.2 bi UV USB	85108074007	camera system, 2048 x 2048 pixel, monochrome, back illuminated, rolling shutter, UV+ input window, USB 3.1 interface

address:	Excelitas PCO GmbH Donaupark 11 93309 Kelheim, Germany
phone:	(+49) 9441-2005-0 (+1) 866-662-6653 (+86) 0512-6763-4643
mail:	pco@excelitas.com
web:	www.excelitas.com/pco

